Maryland Association of Boards of Education 2020 Legislative Positions

ELECTED, APPOINTED & HYBRID BOARDS OF EDUCATION

MABE POSITIONS

The Maryland Association of Boards of Education, representing all local boards of education in Maryland:

- Takes no position on whether boards of education should be elected or appointed. There is no research-based evidence that either elected boards or appointed boards are more effective or accountable.
- Opposes bills granting initial board appointment authority to local county government officials. Local boards of education are entities of the State, not the county government. Because local boards are fiscally dependent on local governments, it is crucial that local boards remain an independent voice for children and their public education needs and that a "check-and-balance" relationship continues between local boards and their respective local governments.

BACKGROUND

Of Maryland's 24 local boards of education, eighteen are comprised entirely of locally elected members; Anne Arundel County is transitioning from an all-appointed to all-elected board; the Baltimore City Board of School Commissioners is appointed by the Mayor; and four are hybrid boards comprised of both appointed and elected members.

The following nineteen boards are elected:

Allegany County Kent County

Anne Arundel County 1 Montgomery County Calvert County Queen Anne's County Carroll County St. Mary's County Somerset County Cecil County Charles County **Talbot County** Dorchester County Washington County Frederick County Wicomico County Garrett County Worcester County

Howard County

The following board is appointed:

Baltimore City²

The following four boards are hybrid boards comprised of both elected and appointed members

Baltimore County ³ Harford County ⁵

Caroline County ⁴ Prince George's County ⁶

¹ The Anne Arundel County Board began the transition in 2018 to an elected board, with staggered terms through 2024 when all members stand for election (HB 716, 2017).

² The Baltimore City Board is appointed by the Mayor of Baltimore (HB 562, 2017); and effective in the 2022 election, the Board will become a hybrid board with two additional members elected at large (HB 558, 2016).

³ The Baltimore County Board began the transition in 2015 to a hybrid board comprised of 4 appointed members and 7 members elected by district, effective in the 2018 election (SB 290, 2014).

⁴The Caroline County Board began the transition in 2011 to a hybrid board comprised of 2 appointed and 3 elected members (SB 964, 2009).

⁵ The Harford County Board began the transition in 2010 to a hybrid board comprised of 3 appointed and 6 elected members (SB 629/HB 639, 2009).

⁶ The Prince George's County Board was modified in 2013 to add 4 appointed members to its 9 elected members; 3 members are appointed by the County Executive and 1 by the County Council (HB 1107, 2013).