



CONTINUING RESOLUTIONS 2021-2022

Adequate and Equitable Federal, State and Local Funding of Public Education

(Adopted 1990; amended 1993, 1994, 1997, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2007, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021)

WHEREAS, the Maryland Association of Boards of Education (MABE) provides a strong collective voice for local boards of education, and has consistently advocated vigorously for adequate and equitable funding for Maryland public schools; and

WHEREAS, there are substantial differences in the ability of local boards of education to fund programs; and historically this resulted in substantial inequity in the provision of educational opportunity to the children of Maryland; and

WHEREAS, the Maryland State Constitution requires that the General Assembly “shall by law establish throughout the state a thorough and efficient system of free public schools; and shall provide by taxation or otherwise for their maintenance”; and

WHEREAS, the Commission on Education Finance, Equity, and Excellence convened by the General Assembly in 1999:

- Determined, based on the conclusions of thorough expert analysis conducted by Augenblick and Myers, that current per pupil funding was significantly inadequate;
- Recommended consolidating categorical programs, increasing the base amount of per pupil funding, and enhancing supplements to this amount in order to address the increased costs arising from educating students with special needs; and
- Recommended providing local school systems maximum flexibility in allocating resources; and

WHEREAS, the Bridge to Excellence in Public Schools Act of 2002, based substantially on the recommendations of the Commission:

- Eliminated twenty-seven categorical programs and phased in significant state funding increases through fiscal 2008 to enhance the adequacy, equity, and flexibility of state public school funding;
- Enhanced local school system accountability for student performance by requiring that all local school systems must develop a five-year comprehensive master plan for student achievement;

- Mandated that all local school systems provide by 2007 universal kindergarten and targeted prekindergarten programs for all economically disadvantaged four-year-olds; and
- Required increased state education aid and local school system performance accountability without modifying the maintenance of effort law; and

WHEREAS, the Bridge to Excellence Act reformed the State's school finance system to include: an increased per pupil foundation amount; increased per pupil funding for students with special needs based on economic disadvantage, special education, or limited English proficiency; guaranteed tax base grants for school systems with low wealth and high education effort; and Geographic Cost of Education Index (GCEI) funding for school systems with high personnel and non-wage costs; and

WHEREAS, in FY 2008 the State achieved full funding of the Bridge to Excellence Act's mandated per pupil funding levels and targeted funding programs, after years of significant, incremental increases in state aid and local government funding that met or exceeded their minimum maintenance of effort funding amounts; and

WHEREAS, in 2009, MGT of America issued a report confirming that the increased funding provided by the Bridge to Excellence Act had resulted in significantly increased student performance for all students, including minority and economically disadvantaged students; and

WHEREAS, in a Special Session convened in the fall of 2007 the State significantly increased its sales tax and income tax rates, in large part to sustain full funding of the Bridge to Excellence Act; and

WHEREAS, Maryland's public school students deserve the affirmative commitment of all county governments to provide annual increases in public education funding which meet or exceed the minimum maintenance of effort funding level; and

WHEREAS, adequate local funding is essential to the current and continued success of Maryland's public schools, as it represents half of the total revenues provided to Maryland's 24 fiscally dependent school systems; and

WHEREAS, Maryland's county governments have significant revenue generating capacity through countywide local income taxes and countywide property taxes, taxing authority not available to county governments in much of the United States; and

WHEREAS, providing local boards of education with taxing authority is not warranted in light of the ample scope of local taxing authority and the State's authority to control the investment of those local revenues; and

WHEREAS, because GCEI funding was a discretionary component of the Bridge to Excellence Act funding reforms, funding was not included in state budgets for many years; full funding for GCEI was provided from FY 2010 through FY 2015; and following the Governor's 50% reduction in GCEI funding for FY 2016, the General Assembly enacted legislation to make GCEI mandatory beginning in FY 2017; and

WHEREAS, the federal government, Maryland's General Assembly, Governor, and State Board and Department of Education, continue to adopt and promote new

mandates in areas such as curriculum, assessments, student discipline, school safety and security, collective bargaining, professional development, and procurement, that impose significantly increased costs on local school systems; and

WHEREAS, the Budget Reconciliation and Financing Act of 2011 required MSDE to contract for a new study of the adequacy of education funding, to commence in 2014 and conclude in 2016, in order to: identify a base funding level for all students; identify per pupil weights for students with special needs to be applied to the base funding level; and analyze the effect of concentrations of poverty on adequacy targets; and

WHEREAS, in June of 2014 the Board of Public Works approved a \$1.05 million contract with Augenblick, Palaich and Associates (APA) to conduct a comprehensive follow-up study of the adequacy of education funding in the State, including studies of school size, measures of economic disadvantage and concentration of poverty, the impacts of enrollment growth and decline on school funding, and three funding adequacy studies based on the successful schools, professional judgment, and evidenced-based methodologies; and

WHEREAS, in response to the leading advocacy of MABE, in 2016 the General Assembly enacted legislation to create the Commission on Innovation and Excellence in Education to review the current education financing formulas and accountability measures and make legislative recommendations for updating and enhancing the funding formulas established by the Bridge to Excellence in Public Schools Act of 2002 to provide adequate and equitable state and local funding to ensure that all school systems, schools, and students have the resources needed to succeed based on the requirements of the Maryland College and Career Ready Standards adopted by the State Board of Education; and

WHEREAS, in 2015 MABE formed an Ad Hoc Committee on School Funding to provide a forum for discussing and informing MABE's participation on the MSDE stakeholder group, panels convened during the consultant's adequacy studies, and the Kirwan Commission on Innovation and Excellence in Education, and MABE's advocacy in Annapolis for legislation to ultimately enact the school funding reforms and increases in state aid based on this work; and

WHEREAS, the final Study of Adequacy of Funding for Education in the State of Maryland issued in November 2016 recommended changes to the methods used to determine local wealth; regional cost adjustments; student enrollment; transportation aid; and per pupil weights for limited English proficient, special education, compensatory education, and prekindergarten programs; and

WHEREAS, the total costs of the Adequacy Study recommendations included a \$1.9 billion increase in state funding for major state education programs over FY 2015 amounts, an increase of 39 percent; and a \$1 billion increase in local government funding, an increase of 19 percent; and

WHEREAS, legislation enacted in 2017 created the Workgroup to Study the Implementation of Universal Access to Prekindergarten for 4-Year-Olds to make recommendations regarding an implementation plan, based on APA Consulting's January 2016 report "A Comprehensive Analysis of Prekindergarten in Maryland", to

make quality, full-day prekindergarten universally available through public and nonpublic school programs to children who are four years old; and

WHEREAS, in 2017 and 2018 the Kirwan Commission engaged the National Center for Education and the Economy (NCEE) as a consultant to provide a framework for making Maryland's public schools globally competitive based on comparisons with education systems in nations and states such as Shanghai (China), Finland, Singapore, Ontario (Canada) and Massachusetts; and

WHEREAS, the Kirwan Commission was charged with recommending legislation to reform Maryland's public school finance system, and agreed to do so based on APA Consulting's cost analysis of implementing NCEE's framework, "9 Building Blocks for World-Class Education Systems"; and

WHEREAS, the Kirwan Commission organized its work through four workgroups and five major policy areas, including: early childhood education, high quality teachers and leaders, college and career readiness pathways, more resources for at-risk students, and governance and accountability; and

WHEREAS, in 2018 legislation was enacted to require the Comptroller to dedicate \$200 million in income tax revenue to a special fund to support the implementation of the recommendations of the Commission on Innovation and Excellence in Education; and

WHEREAS, in 2018 legislation was enacted to propose a constitutional amendment, which was approved by the voters at the 2018 general election, to require the Governor to provide supplemental state funding for public education through the use of commercial gaming revenues that are dedicated to public education in the state budget beginning in FY 2020. Supplemental funding must total \$125 million in FY 2020, \$250 million in FY 2021, and \$375 million in FY 2022. In all subsequent years, 100% of the gaming revenues dedicated to public education must be used for supplemental funding; and

WHEREAS, in 2019 the General Assembly enacted preliminary Blueprint for Maryland's Future legislation (SB 1030) to launch the funding and policy recommendations of the Kirwan Commission on Innovation and Excellence in Education, including full-day prekindergarten grants, teacher salary grants, concentration of poverty grants, special education funding, teacher collaborative grants, mental health coordinator funding, and supplemental instruction grants, and the establishment of an office of inspector general with investigative authority over school systems, but not including provisions limiting local board governance authority; and

WHEREAS, in 2020 the General Assembly passed comprehensive Blueprint for Maryland's Future legislation (HB 1300), which was vetoed by Governor Hogan in 2020 and enacted by veto override in 2021, thereby launching comprehensive funding and policy reforms to be implemented over a 13 year period to: expand public and private prekindergarten for 3 and 4 year olds, increase teacher pay and require educator and administrator career ladders, expand career technology education (CTE) and college readiness pathways, expand funding and services for students within special education, English language learner, economically disadvantaged, and concentration of poverty categories, expand community schools and family support centers, establish behavioral

health networks, and establish a new education accountability and implementation board; and

WHEREAS, the Blueprint for Maryland's Future Act of 2021:

- Increases the amount of state funding for public schools by increasing the target per pupil foundation amount, including per pupil increases for educational technology costs;
- Increases the amount of local funding for public schools by maintaining the local share requirement for the foundation amount and establishing new local share requirements for compensatory education, English learner, special education, full-day prekindergarten, and career-ladder grant programs;
- Eliminates the Maintenance of Effort escalator after FY 2023 and establishes the Education Effort Adjustment program;
- Establishes a Comparable Wage Index to replace the Geographic Cost of Education Index;
- Enhances the Concentration of Poverty grant program, including per pupil and personnel grants, to schools with high percentages of students eligible for free and reduced price meals to support community school programs;
- Mandates minimum salary increases for educators and administrators in accordance with locally adopted career ladders;
- Generally requires at least 75% of formula funding, based on the enrollment count of students within certain categories, to be allocated to the schools those students attend (i.e., money follows the students);
- Requires 100% of formula funding for concentration of poverty and full-day prekindergarten funds for private providers to be allocated to schools those students attend;
- Requires a new state financial management system and student data system;
- Requires local school systems to provide detailed year-end expenditure estimates and prior year actual expenditures as school-level reports for review by the Accountability and Implementation Board (AIB);
- Requires the AIB to withhold a percentage of increased state funding contingent on local implementation of the Blueprint law and related implementation plans; and

WHEREAS, in 2021 MABE formed an Ad Hoc Committee on the Blueprint for Maryland's Future to provide a forum for coordinated monitoring, inquiry, analysis, and communications relating to the State and local implementation of the Blueprint for Maryland's Future, with particular emphasis on educational and funding equity and local board governance authority; and

WHEREAS, in 2020 the COVID-19 pandemic led to a public health and economic crisis which resulted in school closures from mid-March of 2020 through the end of the 2019-2020 school year and necessitated the emergency provision of distance learning access and school meals to students during school closures, and the development of a long-term State Education Recovery Plan and local education recovery and continuity of learning plans for the 2020-2021 school year; and

WHEREAS, the COVID-19 pandemic led to the passage of emergency federal legislation to fund public health services and equipment, sick leave and unemployment benefits, and additional costs imposed on state and local governments and school systems; and

WHEREAS, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES) enacted in March 2020 established the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I) and the Governor’s Emergency Education Relief Fund (GEER), the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA) enacted in December 2020 provided additional funding (ESSER II), and the American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act enacted in March 2021 provided a total of nearly \$122 billion to States and school districts to support the safe operation of schools and address the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on the nation’s students (ESSER III); and

WHEREAS, local school systems may spend ESSER funds on any activity authorized by ESEA, IDEA, and other federal education laws, and have discretion to spend ESSER funds on programs and services, including:

- COVID-19 preparedness and response efforts including purchasing personal protective equipment (PPE) and supplies to sanitize and clean LEA and school facilities;
- Providing principals and other school leaders with resources to address individual school needs, including on how to provide meals, technology for online learning, and guidance for carrying out IDEA requirements;
- Activities to address the unique needs of low-income children, children with disabilities, English learners, racial and ethnic minorities, students experiencing homelessness, and foster care youth, including outreach and service delivery;
- Purchasing educational technology including hardware, software, and connectivity;
- Providing mental health services and supports;
- Planning and implementing summer learning and supplemental after-school programs;
- Addressing learning loss among students, including vulnerable populations, by administering and using valid and reliable high-quality assessments to assess academic progress, implementing evidence-based activities to meet the comprehensive needs of students, providing information and assistance to parents and families on how to effectively support students, and tracking student attendance and improving student engagement in distance education;
- Inspection, testing, maintenance, repairs, and installation of new systems to improve the indoor air quality in school facilities, including heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems, filtering, purification and other air cleaning, fans, control systems, and window and door repair and replacement; and
- Other activities necessary to maintain LEA operations and services and employ existing school system staff; and

WHEREAS, the American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (“ARP ESSER”) Fund, authorized under the American Rescue Plan (“ARP”) Act of 2021, provided \$1.95 billion to Maryland and nearly \$122 billion in total to support the nation’s schools in safely reopening and sustaining safe operations while meeting the

academic, social, emotional, and mental health needs of students resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic; and

WHEREAS, MSDE and each local school system must adopt implementation plans for investments of ARP ESSER funds, including plans to serve students most severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and are likely to have suffered the most because of longstanding inequities in our communities and schools that have been exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that MABE will work collaboratively and vigorously with all stakeholders to ensure broad public support for full funding of public elementary and secondary education by federal, state, and local governments; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that MABE will engage proactively with the Public School Superintendents Association of Maryland, local school system personnel, educational organizations, and MSDE, to lead in the development of the programs, plans, policies, and regulations essential to the success of the Blueprint law and the educational transformation it represents; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that MABE supports the rigorous adherence to conducting public meetings and transparent policy development and decision-making in any state workgroup, taskforce, commission, or oversight body engaged in education funding, policy-making, or oversight; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that MABE will support local flexibility in adopting policies and procedures intended to optimize student learning while at the same time reducing costs, and MABE will oppose the implementation of new state or federal policies or programs that impose any new unfunded mandates on local school systems; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that MABE will consider supporting legislation, regulations, and MSDE policies and procedures, that permanently or temporarily repeal mandated programs, services, and other requirements imposing costs on local school systems that are not directly related to school systems' abilities to provide high quality classroom instruction; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that MABE will vigorously oppose any effort to reduce state funding and/or shift funding responsibilities from the state to county governments; actions which would reduce levels of education programs and services for students, and erode the state's progress toward an adequate and equitable education for all students in Maryland's public schools; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that MABE opposes proposals to reduce or eliminate the governance and decision-making authority of local boards and administrators as a condition for receiving increased state funding.